## REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

The Applicants have carefully considered this Application in connection with the Examiner's Final Rejection electronically sent June 22, 2007 and Advisory Action dated September 13, 2007. The Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration of this application in view of the foregoing amendment and the following remarks.

The Applicants originally submitted Claims 1-20 in the Application. In a previous response, the Applicants canceled Claims 6 and 16 without prejudice or disclaimer, and substantially incorporated Claims 6 and 16 into Claims 1 and 11, respectively, by amendment. In the present response, the Applicants have amended Claims 1 and 11 and added Claims 21 and 22. Support for the amendment can be found, for example, in paragraphs 15-17 and Figures 1-2 of the original specification. No claims have been canceled. Accordingly, Claims 1-5, 7-15 and 17-22 are currently pending in the Application.

## I. Rejection of Claims 1-2, 5, 7, 9, 11-12, 15, 17, and 19 Under 35 U.S.C. §103

Previously, the Examiner has rejected Claims 1-2, 5, 7, 9, 11-12, 15, 17, and 19 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,956,833 to Yukie, et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,990,352 to Pyhälammi, et al. The Applicants believe the invention as presently claimed, however, is neither shown nor suggested in the cited combination of Yukie and Pyhälammi. More specifically, the Applicants fail to find where the cited combination teaches or suggests generating an image of a document with a mobile telephone having a camera in a first format that contains data, processing the image with a processing server to recognize the data in the image and arranging that data in a different database format, and then sending the data in the different database

format to the mobile telephone for storage on the mobile telephone as is now recited in amended independent Claims 1 and 11.

The Examiner asserts that Yukie's system for wireless storage on a server and data retrieval teaches a camera configured to generate an image of a document that contains data; a processing server 36 and 40 adapted to receive the document via a wireless communication network 14, extract the data from the image and arrange the data according to a format; and a database, associated with the processing server, that receives and stores the data according to the format. (See Final Rejection, page 2.) Yukie teaches a camera records an image as image data and sends the image data wirelessly to data server 16. The camera can encode the image data, such as into JPEG format, or, alternatively, the data server 16 can encode the data. Data server 16 can be a personal server or a public server, both of which can be accessed by the user through a terminal so that the user can retrieve and display the image data. Alternatively, the user can retrieve and display the image data on the camera by having the camera connect to the data server 16 and query what image files are available. The user would select an image and that image would be sent to the camera for display. (See, for example, column 4, lines 1-8 and lines 23-29 and column 6, line 55 through column 7, line 25 and Figure 1.)

Thus, Yukie teaches that a user takes a picture and stores the image file of that picture encoded in a specific format, such as JPEG, in a server, which could alternatively encode the image file, by wirelessly transmitting the image file, encoded or not, to the server. The user can then retrieve and display the image file from the server on which it was saved. The retrieval and display can take place on a terminal attached to the server or on the camera. Claims 1 and 11, however, have been amended to more clearly point out that the processing server processes the received image in a

first format to recognize data in the image, extracts and arranges that data in a different database format and then sends the extracted data in the different database format back to a mobile telephone where the mobile telephone stores the data in the different database format. As such, Yukie does not teach or suggest now amended independent Claims 1 and 11, and, therefore, does not establish a prima facie case of obviousness on now amended independent Claims 1 and 11 and Claims that depend thereon.

Pyhälammi has not been cited to cure this deficiency of Yukie but to teach a mobile telephone having a camera. (See Final Rejection, page 2.) Additionally, the Applicants do not find where Pyhälammi cures the above-noted deficiencies of Yukie. As such, the cited combination of Yukie and Pyhälammi does not establish a *prima facie* case of obviousness of pending, amended independent Claims 1 and 11 and Claims that depend thereon. Accordingly, the Applicants respectfully request the Examiner to withdraw the §103(a) rejection of Claims 1-2, 5, 7, 9, 11-12, 15, 17, and 19 and allow issuance of the pending claims.

Regarding newly added dependent Claim 21, the cited combination of Yukie and Pyhälammi does not teach or suggest where the data is contact data, the data being a portion of the image. As discussed above, Yukie does not teach that a portion of the image file is sent back to the mobile telephone. Regarding newly added dependent Claim 22, the cited combination of Yukie and Pyhälammi does not teach or suggest a method further comprising automatically storing data in a database format in a database of a mobile telephone based upon receipt at the mobile telephone. As discussed above, the data that the mobile telephone may receive is an encoded image, not data in a database format. Additionally, the combination of Yukie and Pyhälammi teaches that the encoded image data is stored on a server, not on the mobile telephone.

## II. Rejection of Claims 3-4, 8, 10, 13-14, 18, and 20 Under 35 U.S.C. §103

Previously, the Examiner has rejected Claims 3-4, 8, 10, 13-14, 18, and 20 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Yukie in view of Pyhälammi and further in view of: U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0211856 by Zilliacus for Claims 3 and 13; U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0087650 by Aarnio for Claims 4, 8, 14, and 18; and U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0181200 by Iida for Claims 10 and 20. The Applicants respectfully disagree.

As established above, the cited combination of Yukie and Pyhälammi does not provide a prima facie case of obviousness of presently amended independent Claims 1 and 11. Zilliacus, Aarnio, or lida have not been cited to cure the above noted deficiencies of the cited combination of Yukie and Pyhälammi but to teach the subject matter of the above-mentioned dependent Claims. (See Final Rejection, pages 4-7.) Additionally, the Applicants do not find where Zilliacus, Aarnio, or lida cure the above-noted deficiencies of the cited combination of Yukie and Pyhälammi. As such, the cited combination of Yukie and Pyhälammi with Zilliacus, Aarnio, or lida does not establish a prima facie case of obviousness of presently amended independent Claims 1 and 11 and Claims that depend thereon. Accordingly, the Applicants respectfully request the Examiner to withdraw the \$103(a) rejection of Claims 3-4, 8, 10, 13-14, 18, and 20 and allow issuance of the pending claims.

Appl. No. 10/665.607 Reply to Examiner's Action dated 09/13/2007

III. Conclusion

In view of the foregoing amendment and remarks, the Applicants now see all of the Claims

currently pending in this Application to be in condition for allowance and therefore earnestly solicit a

Notice of Allowance for Claims 1-5, 7-15 and 17-22.

The Applicants request the Examiner to telephone the undersigned attorney of record at

(972) 480-8800 if such would further or expedite the prosecution of the present Application. The

Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees, credits or overpayments to Deposit Account

08-2395.

Respectfully submitted.

HITT GAINES, PC

Dated: October 17, 2007

P.O. Box 832570

Richardson, Texas 75083

(972) 480-8800

11